

- Good nutrition is necessary for healthy brain development
- Children need to sit when they eat to avoid choking
- Children under the age of three should not be on a low-fat diet
- Infants and toddlers need to eat more often than adults

Inside this brochure you will find information about nutrition and feeding your child from birth to age three

Nutrition is important in all stages of your child's development:

- 0 6 months
- 6 8 months
- 8 12 months
- 12 36 months



Good Nytrition MAKES GREAT BABIES

Researched and Developed by members of





Office Locations

Greater Baton Rouge

3949 North Boulevard Baton Rouge, LA 70806 Phone: 225.387.0061

Partnerships in Child Care

4521 Jamestown Ave, Suite 5 Baton Rouge, LA 70808 Phone: 225,926,8005

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A Guide to Your Child's Nutrition



AGE	FOOD GROUP	DAILY SERVINGS	KINDS OF FOOD	AMOUNT/SERVING	FOOD FACTS	
0 - 6 months	Milk	6 -12, on demand	Breast milk OR formula	2-6 oz.	 Provides the ideal nutrients needed for optimal growth and development Reduces the risk of infections, allergies disease, and obesity Promotes healthy neurologic development Promotes bonding between mother and child 	FORMULA FEEDING Accepted as nutritionally adequate Bottles and nipples need to be sanitized Should be iron-fortified BREAST FEEDING AND FORMULA FEEDING Feed on demand: Hunger cues include rooting, sucking and hand/head movements; Satiety cues include decreased sucking, turning away, spitting out the nipple, and falling asleep
6 - 8 months		2 2 - 3	Breast milk OR formula Baby cereal (iron-fortified) Strained or mashed fruits or vegetables	4 - 8 oz. 2 - 3 tbsp. 2 - 4 tbsp.	 INTRODUCE SOLID FOODS Start with plain iron-fortified rice cereal twice a day Start at 4-6 months, preferably 6 months After cereal move to jar foods labeled 'Stage 1' 	 Introduce only one new food every 2-7 days to watch for reactions Move to thicker jar foods labeled 'Stage 2' when the infant can sit independently
8 - 12 months	Milk Grain Fruit-vegetable Meat	offer offer 2	Breast milk, formula Small pieces of cheese Plain yogurt, cottage cheese Baby cereal (iron-fortified) Small pieces of bread OR small pieces of crackers Finely chopped fruits or vegetables Strained or finely chopped chicken, beef, pork OR cooked or dried beans or egg yolks	4 - 8 oz. 1/2 oz. 1/4 - 1/2 cup 2 - 4 tbsp. 1/2 2 crackers 3 - 4 tbsp. 3 - 4 tbsp.	 FOOD FOR THOUGHT Honey should never be given before the age of one Never let an infant go to sleep with a bottle Children should be weaned from the bottle around age one 	 Whole milk should be introduced at age one Extra water should never be added to formula
12 - 36 months		2 - 3 - 2 - 3 - 2	Whole milk Cheese Yogurt, cottage cheese Cereal, pasta, or rice Whole grain bread, bagel, bun, muffin Crackers All fruits and vegetables 100% fruit juice in a sippy cup Fish, chicken, turkey, beef, pork Cooked, dried beans or peas Whole egg	. 1/4 cup	SNACKS Snacks should be nutritious - toddlers need 1-2 snacks a day Suggested snacks include: Cheese cubes, cottage cheese Unsweetened cereals Applesauce Whole wheat crackers, graham crackers Soft, raw fruits and vegetables (finely chopped) Yogurt, pudding	CHOKING HAZARD Foods which are unsafe for children due to the risk of choking include: Hot dogs (unless diced very small) Whole grapes (unless peeled and cut into small pieces) Thick peanut butter Popcorn Raisins Nuts and seeds Hard candy Raw carrots and celery (unless finely chopped) Chips and pretzels Tough pieces of meat, meat with bones